



ALEX SETON

ROUGHING OUT





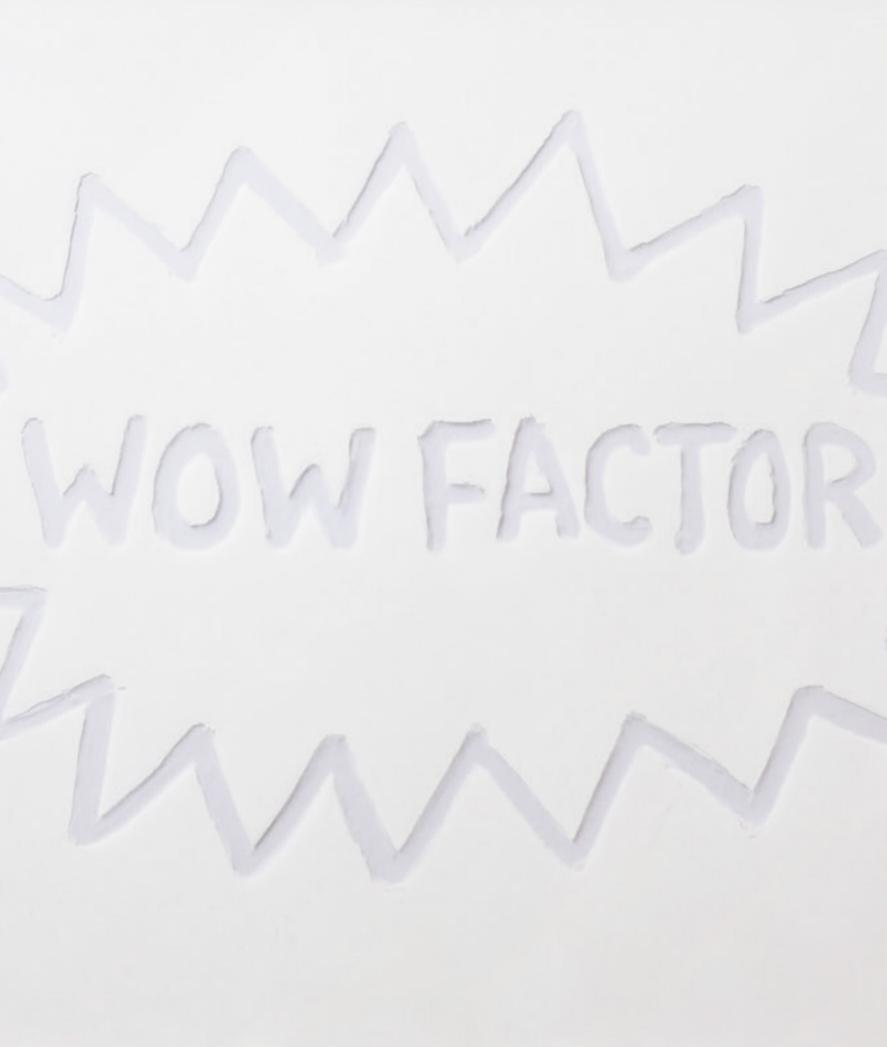
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FOREWORD

EDMIND CAPON

A sensibility for the peculiarities, qualities and opportunities of materials is a hallmark of the creative artist or craftsman. It is a sensibility of distinction in the work of Alex Seton. His preferred material has been marble, a stone of subtle possibilities and profound aesthetic fulfilment. He has explored marble with infinite skill and finesse, transforming that hard but often soft-of-texture stone into objects of daily familiarity: a pile of folded cloths, a tent, a hanging T-shirt - soft and pliable items given unexpected status through the firm permanence of marble. Seton has mastered the art of elegant deception in such finely conceived and crafted works. Like Christo wrapping a stone bridge and thereby transforming it into something light and ethereal, Seton has done the reverse, changing our perceptions and enlightening our imaginations about the world around us and all those pedestrian and ordinary things that clutter our lives. There is something very refreshing about seeing the most familiar of things in an entirely new way.

In his recent practice Seton has moved on from the sheer sublimity of such sculptural works to further explore and expand both the opportunities of materials and his own vocabulary. The sense of process, rather than the finished finite object, is now revealed; the contradiction that he formerly presented to us transferred to the real and imagined worlds. Strangely, the ambiguities with which he so clearly loves to challenge and delight us are heightened in these revelations. This, indeed, is the journey of the artist: the artist as the explorer and manipulator of materials, the visualiser of ideas and imagination, and the challenger to the norm. Here we can detect evolution, the journeys of experiment, change and partial resolution, for these new works seem to be less capable of the sublime certainty of those familiar sculptures of the past.

That, however, is the artist's lot, to constantly embark on new journeys that inevitably involve an element of risk and uncertainty. Having long admired the work of Seton and the consummate finality of those familiar sculptures, one is left to ponder: What next? Roughing Out is a step forwards in going back to the origins and thus charting the advance of the artistic process and the articulation and revelation of ideas.

My special thanks to Alex Seton for the immense satisfaction and intrigue that his works bring. My thanks also to Belinda Hanrahan for so ably bringing such life and interest to the Hazelhurst Regional Gallery & Arts Centre and, indeed, for inviting me to serve as the Gallery's Patron. While unsure of just what a Patron does, I do it with the greatest pleasure.



STNIA EATDLEV

Is marble dead? While the success of Alex Seton's practice over the past decade is testament that it is not, in his hands the question is alluring bait for consideration. Our collective perceptions assign marble to the hallowed halls of art history: Greek and Roman classical sculpture and architecture as endowments of wealth, establishment and refined taste. Mythology even sells us the idea that marble, so pure and flesh-like, can steal a man's heart – as described in the Roman poet Ovid's tale of transformation Metamorphoses X (AD 8), more commonly known as Pygmalion.



How then do we read a 1970s-style T-shirt emblazoned with the retro text 'marble is dead' and hung on

a clothes rack in Seton's 2005 exhibition We Gotta Get Out of This Place [02]? Seton offers a suggestion through the exhibition's title, but also through the very materiality of the meticulously re-created T-shirt: the synthetic material of CaesarStone®. Seton stacks pun upon pun, loading the banal with conceptual rigour and elevating it to marble's historic position of esteem.

Growing up in the Southern Highlands of New South Wales, Seton's fascination with marble was seeded by a quarry located down the road from his childhood home, which had the effect of situating the material within the realm of the everyday rather than the revered. It is this foundation of familiarity, paired with his degree in art history and theory (1998), which places Seton's practice foremost in the realm of the conceptual, his phenomenal skill translating his ideas.

The very transformation of marble as a material, both physically and metaphorically, continues to challenge Seton and is the nexus of Roughing Out. A hint is in marble's geological structure: sedimentary carbonate rock (aka limestone) that changes state into crystalline interlocking mosaics giving the rock its sensual sheen. Some might even describe it as a kind of alchemy. Seton's breaking down and reconstructing of matter is not merely conceptual play; it is the most natural translation of the material. So as we scan across his new body of work – from dust drawings and refined blocks to a process-based performative lab we can see that the objects are totally at home within the origins of the material's inherent transformation. It is our perception that begs redefinition.

Seton turns to process itself to offer that shift: material as an expression of ephemerality, material as a meter for time, material as performance. Are these new ideas for Seton? When we remove the element of awe that characterised his earlier works and begin to map his trajectory to this current exhibition there is a persistence of ideas and objects that assure us of a well-considered premise – the use of text, for example, as well as repetition, draped objects and a theatrically in the staging of his sculptures.

Consider the statement *I was here* (2013) [03], strewn graffiti-like across the floor in Carrara marble. Viewers



02 RTW I 2005 from We Gotta Get Out of This Place





This compulsion to tag generic philosophies finds a connection with Seton's new suite of works made from marble dust which he has settled and arranged white-on-white. placard-style, into a series of dust 'ditties'. He flirts with the idea of the permanency and impermanency of a message and is interested in the slow reveal. We are reminded of his 2004 work The Modern Panopticon [05], a marble couch situated on a picturesque outcrop on a jogging path at Bondi's Sculpture by the Sea exhibition. The worn cushions of the couch were chiselled with the text 'this is no time to sit around' and 'get up and enjoy the day', directives that interrupt our cognitive patterns. While our compulsion is to sit, we are repealed by a sense of guilt or collective adherence to rules.





The Modern Panopticon relates to an earlier piece, Panopticon (2003) [06], an elegant designer bench made from Carrara marble with stainless-steel legs, the surface of the bench marked with the impression or weight of an invisible viewer. Here, Seton captures the fleeting transition between stasis and action. While our first instinct is to read Seton's dust series within his lineage of artworks using text, it is this

other layer of his practice exploring the concepts of time and intervention that is a more intriguing leap between the viewer and the material object.

The Accursed White Whale (2010) [01] extends this idea, teasing the viewer through contradiction. A deflated pool toy, it leant against the gallery wall in Seton's 2010 exhibition Infinitely Near defying any rational explanation of gravity, its rigid 'objectness' working against its soft reality. Like Seton's half-full glass in Roughing Out, is Infinitely Near about hope (pregnant with life waiting to be inflated) or deflated dreams?



This was not the first time Seton worked with the idea of the residual. His On Hold series (2008) [07] features marble dustsheets covering such iconic forms as a Harley Davidson and the Shuttle Endeavour, as well as a grand piano, pram and lawnmower. The objects, although covered, are unmistakable and are either strongly gender-based or the embodiment of societal stereotypes. Yet by veiling them Seton charges them with emotion - with personally triggered recognition. It is the residual of an object that is defined, not the object itself.

There was further historical play at work in On Hold. The series references both Man Rav's The Enigma of Isidore Ducasse (1920) - an ambiguous form wrapped in a blanket and twine, its truth in its intrique – and Seton's own work My Concerns Will Outlive Yours (2011) [04], a sculpture of a cadaver poignantly draped in a flag carved from Wombeyan marble, its truth in its concealment. Seton's prowess at carving fabric pulls our memory back to the Winged Victory of Samothrace (190 BC) or the lesser known work The West Wind (1876) by American artist Thomas R. Gould depicting a young maiden whose skirt billows with life, its fabric clinging to her body and almost lifting her from her feet. The contrast is stark. Where for Man Ray invisibility is a





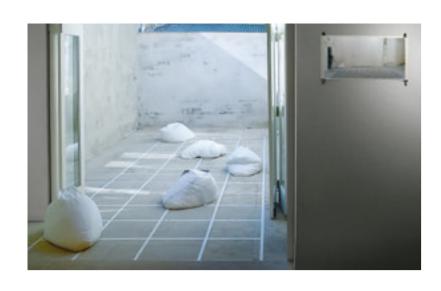
03 Flaubert's Complaint 2013

04 My Concerns Will Outlive Yours 2011

05 The Modern Panopticon 2005

06 Panopticon 2004 series of four

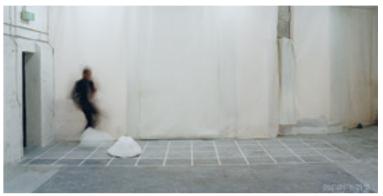
07 Life is Serious Young Man_ Harley Davidson 2008 from On Hold



08 The Bean Bag Suite 2004 installation and series of 6 photographs

















09 *Elegy on Resistance* 2012 installation

10 As of Today 2011

11 Soloist 2012

metaphor for 'enigma', for Seton it is a malleable tool at once melancholic, political, provocative and playful. He moves marble beyond allegory, using its potency to connect with viewers in their contemporary reality.

Invisibility is a subject Seton approaches with great sensitivity in As of Today (2011) [10], an installation of twenty-three folded flags made from marble and tied with rope in ceremonial fashion, and Six More (since 22/05/2011) (2011), comprising a further six flags. Carved in Queensland marble subtly toned a skin-like pink, the flags 'stand in' for soldiers killed during Australia's engagement in the war in Afghanistan. Marble has long been the material of gravestones, and through this ongoing critique Seton updates this tradition with a more current reminder.

What is apparent in all of these works is Seton's use of theatricality and an implied protagonist. Central to Roughing Out is The Recursive Time Machine (2013), a clear acrylic structure – a hermetically sealed stage if you like – containing a salvaged pantograph machine which makes a marble duplicate of a digital resin print of Seton's own hand. Indeed, Seton has often described his practice as 'engaging with the analogue in a digital world'.

Seton has placed the pantograph, an antiquated piece of technology, at the heart of his current work, the idea of banal repetition striking a chord with his past penchant for carving collections of mass-produced objects that garner a presence or sense of monumentality through their replication. The link is best illustrated by his 2004 work The Bean Bag Suite [08], an examination of the iconic 1970s beanbag chairs through a trilogy of photography, video and sculpture. For this work Seton sketched a grid on his studio floor – not unlike the Dürer Grid, a 16th-century drawing tool named after Albert Dürer and used by Renaissance artists to replicate compositions. Seton used the grid as a stage upon which he arbitrarily kicked around a beanbag, sending it into flight and then free fall, recording its random sequence of landings in miniature Bianco marble sculptures that are displayed across the gallery floor. The action of the beanbag falling is further suspended in time in a video loop showing the spinning bag seemingly levitating in space, caught between the performative gesture

and the stasis of a photograph. Time is key to this piece.

Traditionally, marble removes time, immortalising the object. What, then, was the function and speed of this repetition? Was it an attempt by Seton to slow down how we engage with the world around us? In Seton's pantograph and beanbag works we only ever see part of the action, part of the narrative. While Seton appears in his photographs as the protagonist of this game, he is rendered invisible in the video and installation, although his 'hand' in the action is implied. It is a delightful conundrum and oscillates between the invisibility mentioned earlier and a broader idea of performance within installation art.



Repetition and performance are constants in Seton's work. As he explains: 'I want to hit the perceptual reset button so I can engage the critical and conceptual faculties that allow concepts to flow back and forth between the art object and its audience.' Performance predicates the notion of being watched, of surveillance: topics well explored in Seton's work. His videos and photographs of police containment made during the APEC summit in Sydney in 2007, for example, sporting titles such as Water Cannon, Bus [12] and Line Up [13], move beyond the object to the theatre of the moment. The most recent act in this play was witnessed by Asia's art-collecting circles at ArtHK12 (Hong Kong), where Seton presented Elegy on Resistance [09], an installation of marble CCTV cameras titled Quartet 1-4 that seemed to survey the crowd gathering around his seated hooded marble figure Soloist [11]. The audience was integral to this work.





- 12 Bus 2007 (detail)
- 13 *Lineup* 2007 (detail)
- 14 Barrier (proceed about your normal routine) 2007
- 15 Reverse Garbage 2005

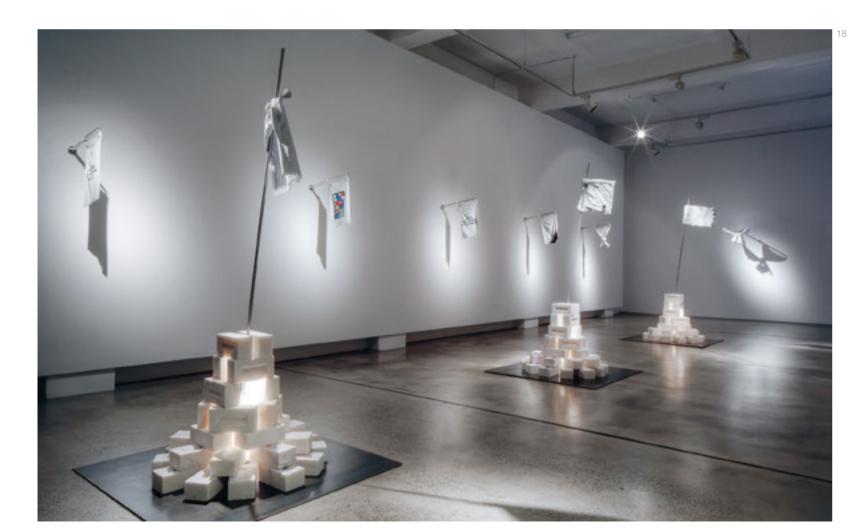












16 Security Blanket 2007 installation

17 Unsettled 2006

18 Flags 2011

19 Building Blocks 2005

The foundation of performance is storytelling. The blur between storytelling and reality is a constant in Seton's work and is superbly illustrated in his sculpture Reverse Garbage (2005) [15], a garbage bag carved from highly polished black Belgian marble mimicking the plasticity of the mass-produced item. Its plastic yellow polyethylene ties make the scenario more 'real' in the same way that Seton's pantograph replicas or the contents of his oversized bags of marble rubble are testament to reality. Seton challenges our cognitive processes – what we see – and our compulsion to construct meaning, his work moving beyond mere facsimile or technical efficiency.

Seton's outdoor installation *Unsettled* (2006) [17] uses the same confrontational handle. Made for the Helen Lempriere National Sculpture Award and installed in the grounds of the opulent Werribee Mansion Hotel in Melbourne, Seton's anonymous figure in a sleeping bag could be confused with the homeless people who populate city parks by night.

What this exhibition does is provide a kind of 'release valve', reinstating materiality and humour through the unexpected. The tone of *Unsettled* defines a kind of politically alert evolution that was becoming more prominent in Seton's work. Security Blanket (2007) [16], and the exhibitions Panoply (2007), Flags (2011) [18] and Elegy on Resistance (2012), engage with the contentious themes of national security, border control, conflict and institutional force. Simply, Seton's work was turning from the wow factor of a soft object drawn from a hard material to the hardline foundation of ideas within the object. While the sedentary block Glory Hole (2013) has a direct lineage to Seton's earlier APEC work Barrier (proceed about your normal routine) (2007) [14], its scale and physicality, both obstructive and confrontational, is also sexually overt, its orifice at waist height undeniably charged. Like My Concerns Will Outlive Yours and Unsettled it presents an emotional challenge to those who encounter it, but one that is fed by wry humour rather than moral positioning.

This subtly laced sexuality is not new to Seton's work. One has only to recall his early sculpture of a pair of women's stiletto boots, Wear Me (Eve) (2004), or Building Blocks (2005) [19], a sculpture of 'humping'

Lego blocks, white on black, the letter 'L' removed from their branding. These works provoke a visual double take. What are we looking at? Seton breaks down the hierarchy attached to marble, demystifying and deheroicising it through the replication of unexpected objects, by challenging logic and, more recently, by turning to the 'alchemy of video' to document its mystery.

Working with the geological structure of marble, Seton has used its capacity for metamorphosis as the subject of his new video The Alchemic Cycle (2013). Part still-life, part documentary, the video shows, in a continuous loop, the breaking down and reconstitution of a block of marble. Here, the very action overrides the object itself. The work recalls Seton's long interest in time as an architect of the object, and his casting of the viewer in the role of witness, as exemplified in *Elegy on Resistance*.

This returns us to this essay's opening proposition: is marble dead? Quite simply, no, the video loop is infinite. Marble, even in its most obscure derivative in the hands of Seton, sustains contemporary dialogue. As he has explained it: 'The transformation of material becomes a fascinating way to engage the audience.' Roughing Out presents an opportunity to review and deepen our experience and understanding of Seton's practice and to consider its future. We can only expect to be further surprised.



Gina Fairley is Regional Contributing Editor for Asian Art News and World Sculpture News and writes for art magazines internationally. Moving between Sydney and Southeast Asia, she is co-director of the window gallery SLOT. and a former arts manager in the United States and Australia.



ALEX SETON: THE RAW, THE COOKED AND THE PERFORMATIVE

SAUL OSTROW

Alex Seton is known for his carved marble sculpture. Refined vet eclectic, his works draw attention to their materiality, forms and processes, and to the social, political, philosophical and conceptual ideas to which these may be applied. Over the years, Seton has also recorded his greater understanding of the field in which he toils, and the place of his practice within it. In the past, the form and content of his work has referenced pop, minimalist and conceptual art. Now, his confidence in what he does has led him to focus on the 'else-ness' of his work; those qualities that are taken to be givens, or are considered normative - in this case the performativity (the embodied acts of speech, vision, cognition, presence, labour, etcetera) inherent in his practices as a sculptor and a carver.

Seton's exhibition Roughing Out is a response to contemporary concepts of specificity, which are less concerned with the intrinsic qualities of particular artistic mediums and more with how artworks reflect aspects of the sites and conditions of their production and/or distribution. Subsequently, this recent group of works seeks to expose the unstated, unintended or unacknowledged conditions through which his works speak for and of the conditions they may come to be understood. Seton addresses this aspect of his work in a paradoxically self-referential manner, using his practice as a carver to interrogate their collective

and individual identities as works of art that are the product of craft, technology and culture that his work explicitly and implicitly depends upon and displays.

Roughing Out can be understood as a representation of the expressive actions that Seton psychologically and physically deploys in establishing his work (sculpture) as a definable and recognisable entity relative to other material and immaterial 'things'. The marble sculptures, video installation and performance and its residue presented in this exhibition can therefore be understood as a reaffirmation, in a contemporary context, of the viability of media specificity, traditional skills and their resulting objects. In this way Seton gives expression to and tests Nietzsche's argument that 'things' are inherently self-contradictory in that there is always a conflict between the general defining qualities and the specific manner in which they come to be manifested - as such, the viability of a given thing or act only makes sense if it can be re-evaluated, devalued or re-valued under differing conditions.

The title Roughing Out, like many of Seton's titles, signals that we should be aware of the potential vagaries of language - a notion that, in part, underlies his entire project. With its reference to the carver's practice of beginning a work by initially blocking out its broad forms, Roughing Out could imply that the works in Seton's exhibition are unfinished. Given that all the works in the show are complete in every detail, the title instead refers to the shift in Seton's oeuvre that the exhibition represents - namely. his first attempt at broadly rendering his interest in the ideas of selfreferentiality, language, artistic gesture and technology that inform his practice.

There is something slyly Duchampian about Seton's work. Together, the works (and their titles) in *Roughing Out* form a catalogue of the varied aspects of Seton's practice and its production, and of his sense of identity. This is most apparent in the performance/tableau *The Recursive Time Machine* (2013) in which he seems to identify with a pantograph machine because its manufacturer's name (G. H. Alexander) mirrors his own. Similarly, the austere postminimalist aesthetics of *Glory Hole*, which given that little traditional skill



has been expended in producing this work combined with its title, might be understood as referencing both the sense of importance Seton derives from what he does, as well as identifying it with an anonymous sexual act.

Like the American illusionists Penn & Teller, who begin their act by explaining the secrets to their tricks, Seton sets out to 'undo' the illusion that threatens to make his work a vehicle for deception. By using his skills to incongruous or unforeseen ends, he demonstrates that the trick is in its performance, not in its mechanics. Relative to this notion of making apparent what is operative, Seton uses strategies similar to those used in the late 1960s by the artist Bruce Nauman who, employing ironic, literal and recursive discourses, called attention to the material, phenomenal and linguistic conditions that circumscribe his work. Seton. in The Recursive Time Machine and the video work The Alchemic Cycle, uses these strategies to demonstrate the innate conflicts that exist between a thing, its production and its content (meaning the various issues or questions it responds to).

In The Recursive Time Machine an old pantograph milling machine manufactured, as previously mentioned, by G. H. Alexander and dubbed the 'Alexander machine', is placed inside in a plexiglass cube where it mechanically carves marble reproductions of digitally generated, life-size three-dimensional plastic 'prints' of Seton's hands. The machine's stylus is guided over the plastic forms, the resulting marble carvings half-size and three-quartersize in scale. In a reverse genealogy this work tells the story of how technology replicates and standardises craft, as well as how more efficient means of production (the mechanical and now the digital) have come to displace the bodily. In a manner similar to the work of artist Jannis Kounellis, The Recursive Time Machine, with its use of the antique, explores the notion that art does not proceed merely from the artist's practice and skills, but rather is instantiated by the object's engagement with the varied networks of symbolic play, speech acts and art's institutional history.

The Alchemic Cycle comprises looped video footage of the destruction and reconstitution of

a block of marble. The video's production standards are a cross between an industrial how-to video and an artist's video documenting a process-based work. The destruction of the marble block begins with Seton using a hammer to smash the block into dust (debris), which is then collected and baked in a kiln. The resulting powder (lime) is mixed with more debris and slaked with water to make white cement, which is poured into a mould made from the original block. The result is a casting of what appears to be a block of marble. Put simply, the work seems to document Seton destroying a block of marble only to make what appears to be a similar block of marble; a process that negates the labour, resources and technology he has utilised. The video (and the marble block Seton produces) focus our attention on the value of the labour and skill expended by some anonymous quarry worker in the production of the artist's raw materials; on the idea that the sculpture is already contained within the block, à la Michelangelo; and on the possibility that the original marble block is always already a sculpture. But if we take the title of the work into account, Seton suggests that what the artist brings to the table is their search for the philosopher's stone, which will turn base material (marble) into gold (art).

If we understand The Recursive Time Machine and The Alchemic Cycle to be parenthetical, then the other works presented in Roughing Out come to sit within the boundaries of the endless loop of production and reiteration, and the search for the transformative. These in their aspiration to Brechtian transparency permit him to extrapolate the varied conditions, terms and practices by which he constructs his diverse narratives and commentaries. Accordingly, rather than being ends in themselves, the objects he produces are revealed to be a medium – literally, a means of conveyance. In this context Half (2013) and Recycle Bags (2013), exist simultaneously as a representation of his virtuosity as well as a deceptive staging of Seton's ideas concerning the interplay between mimetic representation, metaphor (symbolic signification) and analogy (analytic comparison).

Half is made from a single block of marble that has a natural fault running through it. Seton has carved a glass of milk from one half the block and,

from the other, a milk container whose surface displays the sheen of condensation. The rubble generated from carving these objects has been used to fill a stack of identical milk glasses that are installed in proximity to the carvings. A complementary work is Half Full (2013), which consists of a form carved in white marble that corresponds to the volume of the top portion of a standard tapered drinking glass. When placed in the glass, the form resembles milk levitating, making the glass half-full. Correspondingly, we might imagine the glasses in *Half* to be half-empty. There is a similar play between the real and the illusionary in the work Recycle Bags, a marble carving of a large recycling bag accompanied by an actual recyclable bag, which contains the leftover rubble from making the carving.

By juxtaposing the actual and its representation these works may be considered as constituting a critique of trompe l'oeil by operatively permitting us to see the realness of the sculpture rather than merely what it images. Subsequently, one is left with the sense that each of these works is haunted by the liminal specter of the others, as well as each having a doppelganger (an unapproachable duplicate self) in the real world. As such, these apparitions and real-world others put into question the identity of each work.

In Dust Hinterglasmalerei (2013) Seton again recycles the byproduct generated by his carving technique. In this case he uses it to produce a series of word-images comparable to the word paintings of artist Ed Ruscha in that their graphic (and material) appearance is as important as their meaning or message. In Dust Hinterglasmalerei the words, written in dust, are held in place by a sheet of plexiglass; it makes explicit the playfulness underlying Seton's practice. The phrases Seton uses are readymade and often clichéd expressions, such as song lyrics, and include: 'Time is on my side', 'Making it up as I go along', 'I'm concerned these words will not last', 'I just need a little more time' and 'I was here'. Many of these phrases have their origins in random notes Seton has scrawled on his studio whiteboard since 2004.

In the context of *Roughing Out*, the phrases in *Dust Hinterglasmalerei* ostensibly appear as if they are meant

to give us access to the artist's random thoughts and musings, drawing out the words that come to his mind as his body is preoccupied (trapped) in the task of producing. Therefore the works constitute an act of ventriloquism, as though they were spoken by the artist and project his cynicism, doubt, vanity and bravado. This question of attitude brings us to Glory Hole, in which Seton implies that what he derives from the act of creation is sexual pleasure experienced as an act of self-gratification and validation. The work – in which a drilled out, dust-covered phallic core lies on the floor beside a rough block of marble with a hole carved into it at crotch height - conjures up images of masculine singularity, as well as the notion of the artist engaged, through his work, in illicit acts of promiscuity.

Although many of the themes articulated in Roughing Out concerning process, representation and language have been embedded in Seton's previous practice, his present exploration of the performative nature of his work and processes conveys how each quality he articulates contains essential information as to the character of the whole, with the whole, in turn, having a character of its own. This results in this group of works that index relative to his media the corpus of his sculptural work by metaphorically and analogously re-presenting the freedom, challenges and limits he faces. Subsequently, Seton's works set in motion a vast game of accessible and esoteric quotes and appropriations that reference the complex self-reflexivity of their conception and realisation as objects of self-expression, experience and knowledge.

Saul Ostrow is an independent critic and curator based in New York. In 2011 he founded 21STPROJECTS to sponsor viewings of artists' works and, in 2012, LaTableRonde, which organises unmoderated roundtable discussions on cultural issues. Since 1987 has been the art editor for BOMB magazine and was the editor of the book series Critical Voices in Art, Theory and Culture, as well as co-editor of Lusitania Press (1996–2004). He has curated more than 70 exhibitions in the United States and abroad.



ARTIST'S MARBLE OR PHILOSOPHER'S STONE? (RECLAIMING ALCHEMY)

KATE BRITTON

the (re)produced, between creation and representation. But that would be to ignore the complex material and chemical processes being performed, the teasing out of unrealised capacity or potential that the work lays bare.

Marble is metamorphic in its constitution; it comes into being via the metamorphism of sedimentary carbonate rocks undergoing a solid-state change that results in an interlocking mosaic of carbonate crystals commonly referred to as marble. In this light, *The Alchemic Cycle* is in fact a work of undoing, a reversal of its ontogenetic moment. Seton's title, however, hints at significance beyond the physical properties of the stone. In evoking alchemy, he implicates himself.

THE ALCHEMIC CYCLE

Roughing Out is one of Alex Seton's most ambitious exhibitions to date, in both scale and scope. The finely carved objects that have earned him acclaim in the past are represented, sure. But Roughing Out sees the artist expansive, embracing a nomadic holism anchored by the materiality of stone.

Marble is no longer merely soft, folded, living or airy. It is also performance, alterity, temporality and waste.

One work in particular embodies these new experiential frontiers.

The single-channel video work The Alchemic Cycle (2013) presents the artist engaged in the seemingly Sisyphean task of transforming a block of marble into a block of cement via (al)chemical processes.

We begin with the raw material – a white cube – and watch as it is pounded into a fine dust, cooked in a kiln, slaked with water, poured into a mould and reset into a second white cube, identical in size and shape to the first and yet materially altered via what is essentially a chemical process. At this point the video loops, creating a visual synapse between the two blocks. It is a simple formula: pound, cook, slake, pour, set, repeat.

At first glance this work could be read in relation to the act of art making itself – an endless undertaking laid ambiguously between the original/naturally occurring and

AS ABOVE SO BELOW

A proto-science that contributed to the development of modern chemistry and other sciences, alchemy was widely practised across three continents for some four millennia. With the emergence of more rigorous experimental methods from the 18th century onwards, it was gradually relegated to esoteric spiritual practices and sugary Paulo Coehlo novels.

Seton's *The Alchemic Cycle* plays this history off against itself; while certainly a traditional alchemic practice, the formal and minimal aesthetic of the video negates the cabbalistic or occult overtones favoured in contemporary portrayals of the alchemist's labour. Instead, we see the craftsman at work, as much an instrument of change as the mallet, the kiln and the water.

For many, alchemy represents a relatively restricted set of goals: the transmutation of common metals into gold; the creation of a panacea; and the discovery of a universal solvent. In the physical realm, gold represented the most perfect of all metals, the attainment of an elevated state through transmutation. This

1. S. K. de Rola, Alchemy: The Secret Art, Thames &

2. ibid. p 14.

characterisation of alchemy as a purely physical undertaking, however, eschews a long tradition of Hermetic or spiritual alchemy.

In each of the three distinct branches of alchemic practice (Islamic, Indian and western), a close relation to the spiritual is evident. The 17th-century alchemist Pierre-Jean Fabre describes this spiritual dimension thus: 'Alchemy is not merely an art or a science to teach metallic transmutation, so much as a true and solid science that teaches how to know the centre of all things; which in the divine language is called the Spirit of Life.'1

The implication of Fabre's assessment is that in learning how to transmute substances such as metal (or marble), we are also able to understand changes in our selves. In other words, material and spiritual changes are closely intertwined, comparable because of their unity. In the 18th-century German Romanticist Novalis's formulation: 'We will understand the world when we understand ourselves; for it and we are inseparable halves of one whole.'2

The methods for achieving transmutation – either physical or spiritual – are complex and mysterious; the history of alchemy veiled and secretive, full of symbolism and codes. As the practice lost favour, this secrecy was largely dismissed as charlatanism, cheap trickery. But Seton's work seems to be telling us that perhaps there is still something to be reclaimed from alchemy's potted history.

ONE HAND CLAPPIN

Alchemy's project of finding unity between the material and the spiritual resonates with contemporary life. Affect theory and, subsequently, the so-called performative turn, have both approached an expanded materialism in which, like alchemy, the world, our bodies and the mind are all made up of the same stuff in different forms and with different functions and relations.

Seton's practice can be interestingly situated within this expanded materialism, in which asking what makes a common metal turn to gold, or marble turn to aerated concrete, is not so different from asking what makes a person achieve spiritual growth, or what makes an artist turn from sculptural to performative practice. In fact, the two questions may share more in common than they appear to, and it is their relation that Seton asks us to attend to. Likewise, the mystery inherent in alchemical texts and teachings could be read as critical to its operations, their deliberate eschewing of linearity, logic and clarity seeking to elicit the break in normal mental operations that attends revelation. Like Zen masters and their koan riddles, alchemic texts seek to trigger understanding through an unbalancing of the intellect or senses. Like the somatic jolt that we experience in the moment of realisation that Seton's marble beds, sofas and beanbags will not, in fact, accommodate us, thus the koan seek to disturb our expectations.

To what extent does this also ring true with Seton's *The Alchemic Cycle*? The central question raised by this work seems to be about difference and repetition. It asks us to consider the extent to which the marble has really been altered. Although we watch a physical change taking place over time, the final frame of the video bleeds back into its origins, bringing home just how little the block differs physically despite its alteration. Is this change internal or external? And what exactly is it that is undergoing the change?

Seton, the contemporary alchemist, is classically ambiguous. *Roughing Out* as a whole shares this speculative character, inhabited by works that examine the nature of the artist's beloved marble and through this the artist himself and, to some extent, his output. The works operate – like alchemy – around thresholds and limits: between mind and matter, artistic object and process, waste and use, performance and its trace, and at each of their limits.

PERFORMING ECOLOGIES

Viewed in concert with the rest of Roughing Out, the task of The Alchemic Cycle seems clearer – to complicate not only our perception of Seton's marble medium, but also of his artistic practice more generally. What is on display is not an exhibition of artistic objects so much as an artistic ecology, the interrelated and inseparable aspects of a united practice situated in a particular time and place.

The inclusion of waste items (Recycle Bags 2013), carving dust (Dust Hinterglasmalerei 2013) and incidental marks (A Thousand Cuts 2013) speak to the politics of what is visible and invisible in art, and what demarcates the limits of the artistic. The carved glory hole (Glory Hole 2013) not only represents a physical threshold, it questions the artist's motives – is artistic production social or self-gratifying, sublime or base? Likewise, the glasses half-full with milky marble (Half Full 2013) seem intent on subverting the age-old aphorism - the glass being visibly both half-empty and half-full.

Ecology is the study of relations, the study not of states but of the interaction of forces that condition states. If Roughing Out represents a kind of meta-ecology exploring the conditions of production for Seton's work more generally, The Alchemic Cycle is at the opposite end of the spectrum. It is ecology of the microscopic, in which artist plus mallet plus stone plus force plus water plus kiln plus slaking equals a change imperceptible to the naked eye and yet materially actual. The video's tight unwavering frame exists to remind us that, in this particular field, each force plays equally and functions in unity to produce the work.

Of all the works in Roughing Out, The Alchemic Cycle is the one that perhaps makes most explicit this project of unity (and ecology). In conditioning the chemical change in the marble, Seton materially demonstrates a potential that was lying dormant in the stone the whole time, a capacity to differ-from-itself while aesthetically repeating. Given the right conditions, a particular ecology or a moment in time, we can witness something as seemingly fixed as marble take on another form, visible to the untrained eye or not.

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Positioned among the artistic ephemera of Seton's practice, The Alchemic Cycle is a work that begs the guestion that perhaps all art is or should be asking: What does it take to induce the moment of transition; the realisation of hidden capacity? Alchemically, this equates to asking: What does it take to change a spirit? In Roughing Out, Seton produces a utopian refrain in suggesting that the production of art itself is the answer to this age-old guestion. Perhaps the philosopher's stone has been right in front of our eyes the whole time.

Kate Britton is a freelance arts writer, administrator and consultant based in Sydney. She currently works with Kaldor Public Art Projects; Underbelly Arts; Art Month; the College of Fine Arts (COFA), University of New South Wales; and Das Platforms. She is also a PhD candidate at the National Institute for Experimental Art at COFA, and co-founder of Albert Tucker Slow Coffee, a pop-up café project staged in arts spaces.

JUGHING JT

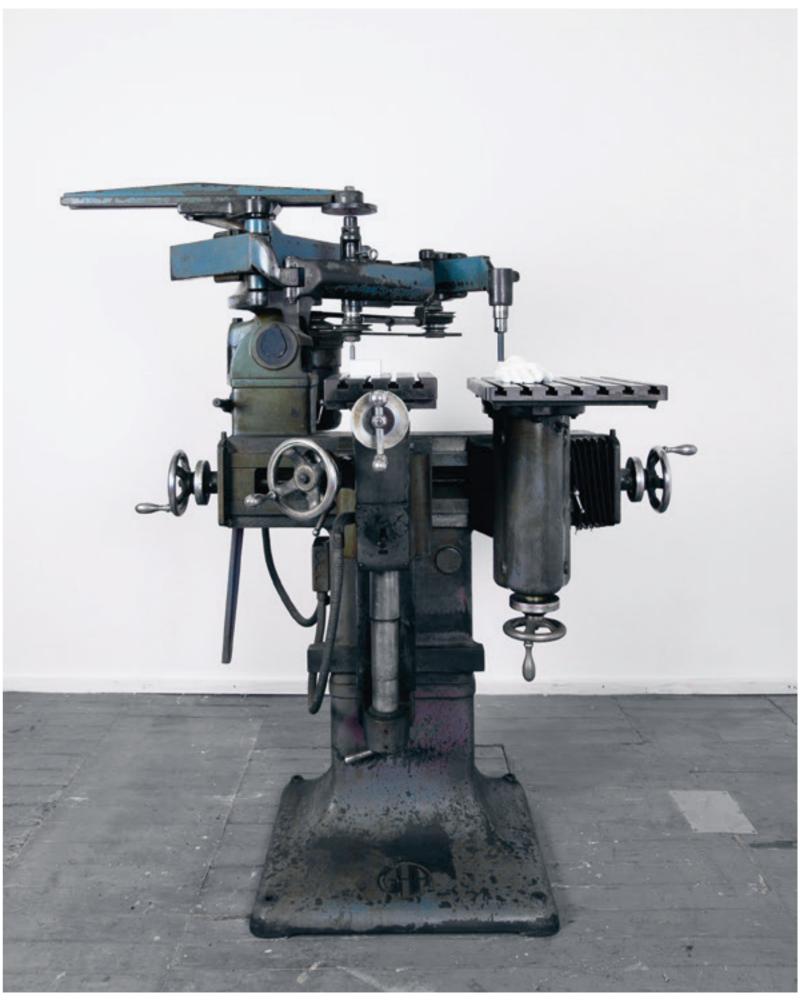


PERFORMANCE BY THE ARTIST REPRODUCING HIS RIGHT HAND WITH A PANTOGRAPH MACHINE, DIGITAL RESIN PRINTS AND MARBLE INSIDE A PLEXIGLASS BOX

200 X 200 X 200 C















WOMBEYAN MARBLE, CORE AND DUST FROM DRILLING,

110 X 120 X 50 C











2013

HD VIDEO, INFINITELY LOOPED









































STATUARIO MARBLE, 315 DURALEX GLASSES AND DUST FROM THE CARVING

MARBLE: 56 X 39 X 55 CM, 73 X 39 X 40 C GLASSES AND DUST: DIMENSIONS VARIABLE















DUST HINTERGLASMALERE 2013

12 WORKS
REVERSE DRAWING IN MARBLE DUST
ON ACRYLIC

56 X 56 CM EA



I JUST NEED

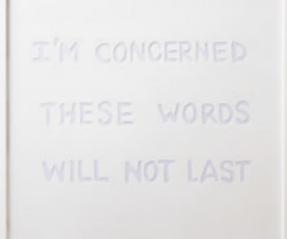
A LITTLE

MORE TIME



DONE.









TIME IS ON MY SIDE

CAN I LICK YOUR CAN I



RECREATING
THE CONDITIONS
UNDER WHICH
I THRIVE



STATUARIO MARBLE AND

12.5 X 7.7 X 7.5 CI





A THOUSAND CUTS

WOOD (STUDIO TABLETOP

60 X 100 C





ROUGHING OUT

LIST OF WORKS

The Recursive Time Machine 2013
Performance by the artist reproducing
his right hand with a pantograph machine,

digital resin prints and marble inside a plexiglass box 200 x 200 x 200 cm

Glory Hole 2013
Wombeyan marble, core and dust from

drilling, hardwood 110 x 120 x 50 cm

The Alchemic Cycle 2013 HD video, infinitely looped

Half 2013

Statuario marble, 315 Duralex glasses and dust from the carving marble: 56 x 39 x 55 cm, 73 x 39 x 40 cm glasses and dust: dimensions variable

Dust Hinterglasmalerei 2013 suite of 12 individually titled works

I was here

I just need a little more time

Making it up as I go along

Done.

Wasting time..

I'm concerned these words will not last

Time is on my side Can I lick your windows?

It's all G' baby!

Wow factor

Don't sneeze

Recreating the conditions under which

I thrive

reverse drawing in marble dust on acrylic 56 x 56 cm each

Half Full 2013

Statuario marble and Duralex glass 12.5 x 7.7 x 7.5 cm

A Thousand Cuts 2013 wood (studio tabletop of the artist 2001–11) 60 x 100 cm

Recycle Bags 2013 Wombeyan marble, nylon bag and rubble 110 x 100 x 100 cm

ILLUSTRATIONS

Unless stated otherwise the following works are held in private collections.

01_*The Accursed White Whale* 2010 Bianca marble, 155 x 68 x 12 cm

02_RTW I 2005 from We Gotta Get Out of This Place CaesarStone® and stainless steel 85 x 52 x 10 cm

03_Flaubert's Complaint 2013 Bianca marble 25 x 14 x variable cm

04_My Concerns Will Outlive Yours 2011 Wombeyan marble, eyelets and halyard 28 x 75 x 155 cm Art Gallery of South Australia 05_The Modern Panopticon 2005 Bianca marble 80 x 100 x 200 cm

06_Panopticon 2004 series of four Bianco Peak marble 55 x 50 x 155 cm

07_Life is Serious Young Man_Harley
Davidson 2008 from On Hold
Bianca marble
35 x 30 x 72 cm

08_The Bean Bag Suite 2004 installation at Maunsell Wickes @ BSG, Sydney and series of 6 photographs Bianca marble: 55 x 200 x 600 cm Giclee prints: 60 x 112 cm (p 12), 30 x 56 cm each (p 13)

09_*Elegy on Resistance* 2012 installation at ArtHK12

10_As of Today 2011 Queensland pearl marble dimensions variable

11_Soloist 2012 Bianca Carrara marble 95 x 75 x 70 cm

12_Bus 2007 (detail) Giclee print 61 x 79 cm National Gallery of Australia

13_Lineup 2007 (detail) Giclee print 61 x 79 cm National Gallery of Australia

14_Barrier (proceed about your normal routine) 2007 installation at Chalk Horse, Sydney Bianca marble 75 x 56.5 x 925 cm

15_Reverse Garbage 2005
Belgian marble and polyethylene ribbon 70 x 50 x 50 cm

16_Security Blanket 2007 installation at Jan Murphy Gallery, Brisbane

17_*Unsettled* 2006 Wombeyan marble 45 x 75 x 200 cm

18_*Flags* 2011 installation at Sullivan+Strumpf, Sydney

19_Building Blocks 2005 Bianco Peak marble and Portoro marble 20 x 38 x 11 cm



ALEX SETON

Born 1977 Sydney Lives Sydney

1998

Bachelor of Art Theory College of Fine Arts University of New South Wales, Sydney

2013

Wynne Prize, Art Gallery of New South Wales, Sydney

Gravity of Sculpture: Part II, Dorsky Gallery Curatorial Programs, New York, USA Speak to Me, Sullivan+Strumpf, Sydney

2012

Look Closely Now, Lake Macquarie Regional Gallery, Lake Macquarie

Variable Truth, 4A Centre for Contemporary Asian Art, Sydney

SSFA12, Sullivan+Strumpf, Sydney

2011

Arboreal, Macquarie University Gallery, Sydney Double Vision, McClelland Gallery and Sculpture Park, Langwarrin

Pat Corrigan/Collector, Maitland Art Gallery, Maitland

WATTLE, Cat Street Gallery, Hong Kong SSFA11, Sullivan+Strumpf, Sydney Art Stage Singapore, Sullivan+Strumpf, Marina Bay Sands, Singapore

2010

SO Contemporary, Jackson See Collection: A Snapshot, Praxis Space, Singapore ARTHK10, Sullivan+Strumpf, Hong Kong Exhibition and Convention Centre, Hong Kong SSFA10, Sullivan+Strumpf, Sydney Two Degrees of Separation, Satori Gallery, New York, USA

Woollahra Small Sculpture Prize, 10th anniversary, Manly Regional Art Gallery, Sydney

2009

Artlive, Chair and the Maiden Gallery, New York, USA Woollahra Small Sculpture Prize, Woollahra

Council Chambers, Woollahra SSFA09, Sullivan+Strumpf, Sydney

2008

Step Right Up!, Albury Regional Art Gallery, Sculpture 08, Maunsell Wickes Gallery, Sydney Woollahra Small Sculpture Prize, Woollahra

Arc Biennale: Art, Design and Craft, Queensland University of Technology Art Museum, Brisbane

Council Chambers, Sydney

Replicotta Warriors, Chalk Horse, Sydney Sculpture 07. Maunsell Wickes @ BSG. Sydney

New Social Commentaries 2006.

Warrnambool Art Gallery, Warrnambool Sculpture by the Sea, Sydney Flamin' Youth, Orange Regional Gallery, Orange Helen Lempriere National Sculpture Award, Werribee

Sculpture by the Sea, Perth Artists Against Sedition Laws, Casula Powerhouse, Sydney

2012

Six More, Australian War Memorial, Canberra Elegy on Resistance, ArtHK12, Sullivan+Strumpf, Hong Kong Exhibition and Convention Centre, Hong Kong

2011

Flags, Lismore Regional Gallery, Lismore Flags, Sullivan+Strumpf, Sydney Flag, Jan Murphy Gallery, Brisbane

Infinitely Near, Sullivan+Strumpf, Sydney

2009

Assembly, Sullivan+Strumpf, Sydney Supplementary Restraint System, Jan Murphy Gallery, Brisbane

On Hold, Jan Murphy Gallery, Melbourne Art Fair, Royal Exhibition Building, Melbourne Memeoid, Chalk Horse, Sydney

2007

Panoply, Chalk Horse, Sydney Security Blanket, Jan Murphy Gallery, Brisbane

2005

Stay on Message, Maunsell Wickes @ BSG, Sydney

We Gotta Get Out of this Place, Jan Murphy Gallery, Brisbane

2004

New Works, Maunsell Wickes @ BSG, Sydney

McClelland Sculpture Survey and Award, McClelland Gallery and Sculpture Park, Langwarrin

Woollahra Small Sculpture Prize, Woollahra Council Chambers, Sydney

10th Anniversary Exhibition, Jan Murphy Gallery, Brisbane

Sculpture 2005, Maunsell Wickes @ BSG, Sydney

2004

Sculpture by the Sea, Sydney
The Year in Art, S. H. Ervin Gallery, Sydney
Sculpture 2004, Maunsell Wickes @ BSG,
Sydney

2003

Sculpture by the Sea, Sydney

2002

Sculpture by the Sea, Sydney
Thursday Plantation East Coast Sculpture
Exhibition, Ballina

AMARIS S PRIZE

2012

Art OMI Australia, Art OMI International Artists Residency, New York, USA

2009

Woollahra Small Sculpture Prize, Sydney
Sculpture by the Sea, Art Gallery of New
South Wales Director's Choice Award, Sydney
Prometheus Visual Arts Award, The
Prometheus Foundation, Gold Coast

2007

Hanyu International Sculpture Cup, Shenzhen, China

2006

Helen Lempriere Sculpture Award, People's Choice Award, Melbourne

2005

Woollahra Small Sculpture Prize, People's Choice Award, Sydney

2004

Sculpture by the Sea, Art Gallery of New South Wales Director's Choice Award, Sydney

The Riverview Art Prize, Sydney

2003

Sculpture by the Sea, Art Gallery of New South Wales Director's Choice Award, Sydney

Sculpture by the Sea, John Fairfax Young Artist's Subsidy, Sydney

2002

Sculpture by the Sea, The Australian
Unrepresented Sculptor Award, Sydney
Sculpture by the Sea, The Young Sculptor's
Honourable Mention, Sydney
The Sculptors Society, Sydney, second prize

COLLECTION

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ARTS ACT, Canberra

Australian War Memorial, Canberra Canberra Civic Collection, Canberra Danish Royal Art Collection, Copenhagen,

Fidelity Worldwide Investment, Hong Kong and Sydney

HBO Collection, New York, USA Lane Cove Municipal Council, Sydney National Gallery of Australia, Canberra Newcastle Art Gallery, Newcastle Patrick Corrigan Collection, Sydney

St Ignatius College Collection, Sydney
University of Queensland Art Museum, Brisbane
Private collections, Australia and overseas

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Australian Art Review, issue 23, 2010, pp 52–53
Sommerville, John. 'Alex Seton: alumni profile',
COFA: Art, Design, Media, issue 17, spring 2006
Meacham, Steve. 'Marble is the message',
Arts & Entertainment, Sydney Morning
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McDonald, John. 'Illusions of reality in the little details', *Sydney Morning Herald*, 19–20 November 2005

Reid, Michael. 'The art oracle', Sydney Morning Herald, 30 July 2005

Reid, Michael. 'Hunting for art', Westpac Private Bank, issue 1, 2005

Mayerhofer, Karl. 'Rock star: appearances deceive in the marble world of Alex Seton', Black and White, issue 75, 4 November 2004

Reid, Michael. 'The next big thing in sculptors', Australian, 15 September 2004 Howard, Ian. 'The call of the coast', World Sculpture News, winter 2003

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Alex Seton

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Carrie Kibbler and Belinda Hanrahan

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Alex Seton: Roughing Out

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cover: Half Full 2013 (detail) endpapers: Marble dust in Alex Seton's studio

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Ross Bird: Unsettled 2006 Per Ericson: The Accursed White Whale 2010; My Concerns Will Outlive Yours 2011; As of Today 2011; Flags 2011 Jon Linkins: Security Blanket 2007 Sam McAdam: On Hold 2008 Silverpixel: Glory Hole 2013; Half 2013; Half Full 2013 Silversalt: I Was Here 2013; The Recursive Time Machine 2013; Dust Hinterglasmalerei 2013; A Thousand Cuts 2013; endpapers Matt Torbus: Panopticon 2004

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DONE.

